

Lithuanian Institute of Agrarian Economics

Mette ASMILD

Tomas BALEŽENTIS

Jens Leth HOUGAARD

Irena KRIŠČIUKAITIENĖ

ADVANCED ANALYSIS OF EFFICIENCY OF LITHUANIAN AGRICULTURAL SECTOR

Methodologies and Applications

Vilnius

2015

UDK 631.16:51(474.5)
Asm35

Asmild, M.; Baležentis, T.; Hougaard, J. L.; Kriščiukaitienė, I. 2015. *Advanced Analysis of Efficiency of Lithuanian Agricultural Sector: Methodologies and Applications* : Scientific Monograph. Vilnius: Lithuanian Institute of Agrarian Economics. – 480 p.

Contributions of the authors:

Mette Asmild – 10%

Tomas Baležentis – 50%

Jens Leth Hougaard – 10%

Irena Kriščiukaitienė – 30%

Reviewers:

Prof. Dr Habil. Borisas Melnikas, *Vilnius Gediminas Technical University*

Prof. Dr Dalia Štreimikienė, *Vilnius University*

The monograph was discussed and approved at the meeting of the Scientific Council of Lithuanian Institute of Agrarian Economics on April 20, 2015 (decision No. 12-10(8-02)).

Acknowledgment

This research was funded by the European Social Fund under the Global Grant measure.



All rights reserved to Lithuanian Institute of Agrarian Economics. No part of this book may be reprinted, reproduced, transmitted, or utilised in any form by any electronic, mechanical, or other means without written permission from the publishers.

© Mette Asmild, 2015

© Tomas Baležentis, 2015

© Jens Leth Hougaard, 2015

© Irena Kriščiukaitienė, 2015

© Lithuanian Institute of Agrarian Economics, 2015

ISBN 978-9955-481-51-5

Contents

Abbreviations	8
INTRODUCTION	9
1. PRELIMINARIES FOR THE EFFICIENCY ANALYSIS	16
1. 1. STATE-OF-THE-ART OF THE AGRICULTURAL EFFICIENCY RESEARCH	16
1. 1. 1. Foreign literature survey	20
1. 1. 2. Lithuanian literature survey	26
1. 2. DEFINITIONS AND MEASURES OF EFFICIENCY	29
1. 3. FRONTIER MODELS FOR EFFICIENCY ANALYSIS	36
1. 3. 1. Data Envelopment Analysis	37
1. 3. 2. Stochastic Frontier Analysis	41
2. RESEARCH BACKGROUND: LITHUANIAN AGRICULTURE	47
2. 1. AGRICULTURE IN LITHUANIA	47
2. 2. EFFICIENCY AND PRODUCTIVITY CHANGE ACROSS THE ECONOMIC SECTORS IN LITHUANIA	51
2. 2. 1. Productive technology and Malmquist index	53
2. 2. 2. The MULTIMOORA method	56
2. 2. 3. Multi-criteria analysis	60
2. 2. 4. Conclusions	73
3. FARM EFFICIENCY AND ITS DETERMINANTS	75
3. 1. TECHNICAL EFFICIENCY AND EXPANSION OF LITHUANIAN FAMILY FARMS	75
3. 1. 1. Efficiency measures and DEA	76
3. 1. 2. The Wilcoxon rank-sum test	78
3. 1. 3. Data and results	80
3. 1. 4. Conclusions	82
3. 2. ECONOMIC EFFICIENCY AND ITS DETERMINANTS	84
3. 2. 1. Data used	84

3. 2. 2. Non-parametric analysis of the productive efficiency	85
3. 2. 3. Parametric analysis of the agricultural efficiency	98
3. 2. 4. Comparison of the results	114
3. 2. 5. Conclusions	116
3. 3. A NON-PARAMETRIC ANALYSIS OF THE DETERMINANTS AND PATTERNS OF FAMILY FARM EFFICIENCY	120
3. 3. 1. Preliminaries for benchmarking	122
3. 3. 2. Dynamics of the productive efficiency	131
3. 3. 3. Efficiency change paths	137
3. 4. ESTIMATION OF THE EFFICIENCY VIA THE ORDER-M FRONTIERS	145
3. 4. 1. Preliminaries for the estimation of the order–m frontiers	146
3. 4. 2. Results	152
3. 4. 3. Conclusions	158
3. 5. ESTIMATION OF THE EFFICIENCY VIA THE ORDER-A FRONTIERS	160
3. 5. 1. Preliminaries for the estimation of the order– α frontiers	161
3. 5. 2. Results	163
3. 5. 3. Conclusions	168
3. 6. FUZZY FDH	169
3. 6. 1. Relation to the literature	171
3. 6. 2. Preliminaries	172
3. 6. 3. A fuzzy FDH-method	177
3. 6. 4. An empirical illustration	181
3. 6. 5. Conclusions	184
3. 7. ANALYSING THE DETERMINANTS OF LITHUANIAN FAMILY FARM PERFORMANCE: A DOUBLE BOOTSTRAP INFERENCE	186
3. 7. 1. Preliminaries for the double bootstrap	187
3. 7. 2. Data used	193
3. 7. 3. Results	194

3. 7. 4. Conclusions	197
3. 8. CONDITIONAL EFFICIENCY MEASUREMENT	198
3. 8. 1. Conditional order–m efficiency measures	199
3. 8. 2. Data and model specification	202
3. 8. 3. Results	204
3. 8. 4. Conclusions	208
4. TECHNOLOGY SHIFTS IN LITHUANIAN FAMILY FARMS	211
4. 1. THE BOOTSTRAPPED MALMQUIST INDICES	211
4. 1. 1. Preliminaries	213
4. 1. 2. Results	222
4. 1. 3. Conclusions	233
4. 2. PRODUCTIVITY CHANGE WITH THE SEQUENTIAL TECHNOLOGY	235
4. 2. 1. Preliminaries	236
4. 2. 2. Results	243
4. 2. 3. Conclusions	249
4. 3. APPLICATION OF THE HICKS–MOORSTEEN INDEX	251
4. 3. 1. Preliminaries	252
4. 3. 2. Results	256
4. 3. 3. Conclusions	261
4. 4. THE SOURCES OF THE TOTAL FACTOR PRODUCTI- VITY GROWTH IN LITHUANIAN FAMILY FARMS	263
4. 4. 1. The measures of productivity and efficiency	264
4. 4. 2. Estimation of the TFP indices and their components via DEA	269
4. 4. 3. Estimation of aggregate inputs and outputs	272
4. 4. 4. Results	274
4. 4. 5. Conclusions	282
5. ANALYSING THE UNDERLYING PRODUCTIVE TECHNOLOGY	284
5. 1. APPLICATION OF THE BIAS-CORRECTED MALMQUIST INDICES	284

5. 1. 1. Preliminaries	287
5. 1. 2. Results	294
5. 1. 3. Conclusions	300
5. 2. RETURNS TO SCALE IN THE LITHUANIAN FAMILY FARMS: A QUALITATIVE APPROACH	302
5. 2. 1. Preliminaries for the qualitative assessment of RTS	303
5. 2. 2. Data used	305
5. 2. 3. Returns to scale across farming types	307
5. 2. 4. Farm performance within different regions of RTS	310
5. 2. 5. Conclusions	317
5. 3. RETURNS TO SCALE IN THE LITHUANIAN FAMILY FARMS: A QUANTITATIVE APPROACH	319
5. 3. 1. Preliminaries for the quantitative assessment of RTS	320
5. 3. 2. Returns to scale across farming types	325
5. 3. 3. Comparison of the results	341
5. 3. 4. Conclusions	342
5. 4. OPTIMAL FARM SIZE BASED ON THE STOCHASTIC PRODUCTION FUNCTION	344
5. 4. 1. Scale elasticity and efficiency	345
5. 4. 2. The translog production function	347
5. 4. 3. Results	352
5. 4. 4. Conclusions	357
5. 5. MULTI-DIRECTIONAL PROGRAM EFFICIENCY: THE CASE OF LITHUANIAN FAMILY FARMS	358
5. 5. 1. Methodology	360
5. 5. 2. Application	366
5. 5. 3. Conclusions	380
5. 6. CONTEXT-DEPENDENT ASSESSMENT OF THE EFFICIENCY OF LITHUANIAN FAMILY FARMS	381
5. 6. 1. Preliminaries	382
5. 6. 2. Results	385

5. 6. 3. Conclusions	389
6. RESOURCE USE EFFICIENCY AT THE SECTORAL LEVEL	390
6. 1. DECOUPLING IN LITHUANIAN AGRICULTURAL SECTOR	390
6. 1. 1. The concept of decoupling	392
6. 1. 2. Results	394
6. 1. 3. Conclusions	400
6. 2. GHG EMISSION EFFICIENCY IN LITHUANIAN ECONOMY	401
6. 2. 1. GHG emissions in Lithuania	403
6. 2. 2. Lithuanian energy sector and GHG emissions	408
6. 2. 3. Environmental Performance Index	413
6. 2. 4. Data used	417
6. 2. 5. Results	417
6. 2. 6. Conclusions	428
GENERAL CONCLUSIONS	430
References	434
Annex A. Abbreviations and initial data for multi-criteria assessment	471
Annex B. Partial regression plots for the output order-m efficiency measures	473
Annex C. Descriptive statistics	476
Abstract	477
Anotacija	478

INTRODUCTION

An important aim of much economic research is to ensure proper allocation of resources, leading to social and economic welfare (Latruffe, 2010). Various methodologies are available to identify best practice. Performance management aims at identifying and emulating best practices within an organization, sector, or the whole economy. Relative performance evaluation, benchmarking, entails systematic comparison of one production entity (decision making unit) against other entities (Bogetoft, Otto, 2011). According to Jack and Boone (2009) benchmarking can create motivation for change; provide a vision for what an organization can look like after change; provide data, evidence, and success stories for inspiring change; identify best practices for how to manage change; and create a baseline or yardstick by which to evaluate the impact of earlier changes.

The agricultural sector is important in terms of both social and economic development in many countries, and is furthermore heavily influenced by both public support schemes as well as regulatory regimes. The application of appropriate benchmarking techniques is especially important for inducing sustainable agricultural development. Furthermore, productive efficiency improvements might result into lower costs as well as greater profit margins for producers as well as better prices for the participants in the agricultural supply chain (Samarajeewa et al., 2012). Nauges et al. (2011) presented the following factors stressing the need for research into agricultural efficiency. First, agricultural producers typically own land and live on their farms, therefore the standard assumption that only efficient producers are to maintain their market activity usually does not hold in agriculture; moreover, suchlike adjustments would result in various social problems. Second, policy interventions are available, such as education, training, and extension programmes, that can potentially increase the efficiency. Third, policy issues

relating to farm structure and production practices are of high importance across many regions.

Benchmarking analysis necessitates understanding of terms like effectiveness, efficiency, and productivity. Effectiveness can be evaluated when utility or objective functions are defined (Bogetoft, Otto, 2011). In real life, however, this is typically not the case and the ideal behaviour can be described only by analysing observed data, i. e. by means of benchmarking. Efficiency is then defined as the performance of a production entity relative to the best practice identified through benchmarking. Finally, productivity means the ability to convert inputs to outputs. A distinction can be made between total factor productivity (Solow, 1957) and partial (single factor) productivity. Productivity growth is a source of a non-inflatory growth and should be encouraged, facilitated by means of, e. g., benchmarking and efficiency management.

According to Alvarez and Arias (2004) and Gorton and Davidova (2004), frontier techniques are the most widely applied methods for efficiency measurement in agriculture. The frontier methods can be grouped into parametric and non-parametric approaches. Thiele and Brodersen (1999) used Data Envelopment Analysis (DEA) to analyse the underlying differences in efficiency as regards East German and West German farms. Brümmer (2001) employed DEA and stochastic frontier analysis (SFA) to analyse the efficiency of Slovenian farms. Brümmer et al. (2002) utilised SFA to analyse the changes in total factor productivity in dairy farms across Germany, Poland and the Netherlands. Rasmussen (2011) employed the same method for analysis of the Danish farms. Bezlepkina and Lansik (2006) utilised DEA in a two-stage framework to analyse the impact of financial indicators upon technical efficiency in Russian farms. Later on, Bojnec and Latruffe (2011, 2013) analysed the relationships between size and efficiency of Slovenian farms. Bojnec and Fertő (2013) employed SFA to analyse the relationships between efficiency and off-farm income. Latruffe et al. (2004, 2005) employed the bootstrapped DEA along with the SFA to estimate the efficiency of Polish

farms. Balcombe et al. (2008) analysed the determinants of the total factor productivity change in Polish farms. Davidova and Latruffe (2007) related the Czech farm efficiency to the financial indicators. Latruffe et al. (2008) utilised the double bootstrapping methodology to assess the Czech farm efficiency. Chaplin et al. (2004) analysed the efficiency of Polish, Czech, and Hungarian farms. Latruffe et al. (2012) compared the Hungarian and French farm performance by the means of DEA and meta-frontier approach. Baležentis and Kriščiukaitienė (2013) analysed the determinants of Lithuanian family farms' efficiency by the means of the Tobit model, whereas Baležentis et al. (2014) employed the bootstrapped DEA and the non-parametric regression for the latter purpose. Fousekis et al. (2014) utilised the conditional framework to analyse the performance of Greek olive farms. Rahman and Salim (2013) employed the Färe-Primont index to analyse the TFP growth in the Bangladesh agriculture. There are also a number of applications of DEA (Aristovnik, 2012), SFA (Aysan et al., 2011; Chou et al., 2012; Zhan, 2012), and deterministic frontiers (Bilgin et al., 2012) outside the domain of agriculture.

Topicality of the research. Family farming has played an important role in Lithuania since early 1990s when the collective farming system was deconstructed. Since then the Lithuanian farming system has undergone many economic, structural, and institutional reforms. Year 2004 marked the accession to the European Union (EU) which is related to the Common Agricultural Policy. The Lithuanian farming system, however, is not fully developed yet. In terms of the utilized agricultural area, the average Lithuanian farm expanded from 9.2 ha up to 13.7 ha during 2003–2010, whereas the total utilized agricultural area increased by some 10% and the number of agricultural holdings decreased by 27% from 272 000 in 2003 down to less than 200 000 in 2010 (Statistics Lithuania, 2014). Indeed, the number of the smallest farms has decreased and these adjustments lead to a farm structure which begins to resemble that of other European countries. There is, however, a substantial area of state-owned or abandoned land which can be employed for agricultural activities in the future. Therefore it is important to analyse farming

efficiency which might impact a number of factors influencing farmers' decisions.

Research problem. The present research is motivated by both the importance of efficiency measurement and the lack of suchlike studies in the Lithuanian context. The Lithuanian farming system is still underperforming compared to western standards. For instance, the aggregate results from the Farm Accountancy data Network show that the yields of maize and milk in Lithuania amounted to some 71% and 65% of those in Denmark, respectively (as of 2012; see European Commission, 2015). Thus, it is important to identify individual farms, or certain types of farms which are the forerunners vis-à-vis laggards in terms of operating efficiency. Furthermore, both public and private investments are needed in the Lithuanian agricultural sector to improve its efficiency and productivity (OECD, FAO, 2011). To be specific, some 2.287 billion EUR were assigned under the Lithuanian Rural Development Programme for 2007–2013. The appropriate allocation of such investments, does, however, require a decision support system based and, consequently, it is important to develop benchmarking frameworks and integrate them into the processes of the strategic management. The forthcoming programming period of 2014–2020 together with the new Rural Development Programme will certainly require suchlike management decisions. Up to now, only a handful of studies have attempted to analyse the farming efficiency in Lithuania (Rimkuvienė et al., 2010, Baležentis, Baležentis, 2011; Baležentis, Kriščiukaitienė, 2012a). Moreover, these papers were focused on diachronic analysis or different farming types were analysed by employing single-period data. Another issue to be tackled is post-efficiency analysis. Indeed, the uncertainties associated with the agricultural production data do also require appropriate techniques for efficiency estimation.

The research **aims** to develop an integrated framework for measurement and perform an analysis of the productive efficiency of Lithuanian family farms and identify related implications for efficiency improvement. The proposed framework is mainly based on non-parametric frontier methods. The

following **tasks** are, therefore, set: (i) to present the research methodology for efficiency analysis, (ii) to develop appropriate techniques for analysis of agricultural efficiency; (iii) to estimate the technical efficiency of Lithuanian family farms by means of non-parametric techniques, (iv) to analyse the underlying technology as well as its shifts, and (v) to quantify the impact of the efficiency and productivity change effects. The **object** of the research is Lithuanian family farms reporting to the Farm Accountancy Data Network.

Novelty of the research. The research features both empirical and theoretical novelty in that it develops some new techniques for efficiency analysis and employs them to analyse the performance of Lithuanian family farms. Specifically, the hybrid method DEA-MULTIMOORA is introduced to analyse the TFP changes with respect to multiple criteria. In addition, the fuzzy FDH method based on α -cuts is suggested to tackle the uncertainty associated with the production data. The MEA method is extended to meta-frontier analysis. Considering the empirical novelty, the research develops and employs a systematic framework for the analysis of the agricultural sector in terms of the efficiency and TFP measures. The research thus estimates the technical, allocative, and cost efficiency of Lithuanian family farms. A variety of TFP indices, viz. Malmquist, Hicks-Moorsteen, Färe-Primont, Malmquist-Luenberger indices, are employed to estimate the TFP change as well as bias of the production frontier. The factors driving the change in the analysed variables are also identified by employing regression and multivariate statistics. Furthermore, the optimal farm size is estimated by the means of DEA. Noteworthy, these measures have not been estimated for Lithuanian family farms before. The results of the research provide insights into the causes and sources of (in)efficiency prevailing among Lithuanian family farms. Suchlike information can be used to facilitate a reasonable decision making, especially at the macro level.

Practical value. The research estimates the level of efficiency for different farming types along with the determinants of efficiency. Therefore, it is possible to identify the causes of inefficiency prevailing among Lithuanian

family farms. Such knowledge is beneficial for decision makers and farmers alike in order to better understand ways in which performance can be improved. Analysis of the most productive scale size is particularly important for land market regulation, which limits the maximal land area per farm. The methodologies proposed in the research can also be employed in other instances of economic analysis and thus contribute to improved managerial decision making.

Research methodology. The efficiency analysis rests on the neo-classical production theory. The research is mainly based on the non-parametric technique, viz. DEA. This technique is implemented by the means of linear programming. The robust production frontiers are estimated via bootstrapping and Monte Carlo simulations. Uncertainty is dealt with by the means of fuzzy numbers. The program (i. e. farming type) efficiency is assessed by utilising the MEA methodology along with the meta-frontier approach. TFP changes are measured by employing TFP indices, which are based on DEA models. The results are analysed by means of regression models (truncated regression, panel models) and multivariate statistical methods (namely cluster analysis and multiple correspondence analysis). Environmental performance is analysed by applying weak disposability measures based on the assumption of weak disposability. Furthermore, the concept of decoupling is considered to describe the relationships between resource use and economic activity.

The monograph is **structured** as follows. Section 1 presents the preliminaries for efficiency analysis. Section 2 presents general trends prevailing in Lithuanian agriculture, where the attention is mainly paid to the general development of the sector and its position amongst other sectors of the Lithuanian economy. Section 3 focuses on the performance of Lithuanian family farms. In order to account for uncertainties in the data, the technical efficiency is further analysed by means of the simulation-based methodology (bootstrapped DEA, robust frontiers, double bootstrap, conditional measures) and fuzzy FDH. Section 4 is dedicated to analysis of the total factor

productivity change in Lithuanian family farms. Section 5 aims to analyse the underlying productive technology of Lithuanian family farms. Therefore, the technical change is analysed with respect to change in the input productivity. Another important issue to be addressed is that of the optimal farm size (i. e. returns to scale). Section 6 analyses the agricultural sector alongside the whole economy in terms of resource and carbon emission efficiency.

References

1. Abdelsalam, O., Duygun Fethi, M., Matallín, J. C., Tortosa-Ausina, E. (2013). On the comparative performance of socially responsible and Islamic mutual funds. *Journal of Economic Behavior & Organization*. doi: 10.1016/j.jebo.2013.06.011
2. Abdulai, A., Tietje, H. (2007). Estimating technical efficiency under unobserved heterogeneity with stochastic frontier models: application to northern German dairy farms. *European Review of Agricultural Economics*, 34(3), 393–416.
3. Afonso, A., Aubyn, M. S. (2006). Cross-Country Efficiency of Secondary Education Provision: A Semi-Parametric Analysis with Non-Discretionary Inputs. *Economic Modelling*, 23(3), 476–491.
4. Afriat, S. N. (1972). Efficiency estimation of production functions. *International Economic Review*, 13(3), 568–598.
5. Aigner, D., Lovell, C. A. A., Schmidt, P. (1977). Formulation and estimation of stochastic frontier production function models. *Journal of Econometrics*, 6(1), 21–37.
6. Aitchison, J., Aitken, C. B. B. (1976). Multivariate binary discrimination by kernel method. *Biometrika*, 63, 413–420.
7. Akinbode, S. O., Dipeolu, A. O., Ayinde I. A. (2011). An examination of technical, allocative and economic efficiencies in Ofada rice farming in Ogun State, Nigeria. *African Journal of Agricultural Research*, 6(28), 6027–6035.
8. Aldea, A., Ciobanu, A. (2011). „Analysis of renewable energy development using bootstrap efficiency estimates. *Economic Computation and Economic Cybernetics Studies and Research*, 45(1), 77–90.

9. Aldea, A., Ciobanu, A., Stancu, I. (2012). The renewable energy development: a nonparametric efficiency analysis. *Romanian Journal of Economic Forecasting*, 15(1), 5–19.
10. Alexander, W. R. J., Haug, A. A., Jaforullah, M. (2010). A Two-Stage Double-Bootstrap Data Envelopment Analysis of Efficiency Differences of New Zealand Secondary Schools. *Journal of Productivity Analysis*, 34(2), 99–110.
11. Alvarez, A., Arias, C. (2004). Technical efficiency and farm size: a conditional analysis. *Agricultural Economics*, 30, 241–250.
12. Andersen, P., Petersen, N. C. (1993). A procedure for ranking efficient units in data envelopment analysis. *Management Science*, 39, 1261–1264.
13. Ang, B. W. (2004). Decomposition analysis for policymaking in energy: which is the preferred method? *Energy Policy*, 32, 1131–1139.
14. Ang, B. W. (2005). The LMDI approach to decomposition analysis: a practical guide. *Energy Policy*, 33, 867–871.
15. Ang, B. W. (2006). Monitoring changes in economy-wide energy efficiency: from energy–GDP ratio to composite efficiency index. *Energy Policy*, 34, 574–582.
16. Aragon, Y., Daouia, A., Thomas-Agnan, C. (2005). Nonparametric frontier estimation: a conditional quantile-based approach. *Econometric Theory*, 21(2), 358–389.
17. Aristovnik, A. (2012). The relative efficiency of education and R&D expenditures in the new EU member states. *Journal of Business Economics and Management*, 13(5), 832–848.
18. Arjomandi, A., Valadkhani, A., Harvie, C. (2011). Analysing productivity changes using the bootstrapped Malmquist approach: The case of the Iranian banking industry. *Australasian Accounting Business and Finance Journal*, 5(3), 35–56.

19. Asmild, M., Hougaard, J. L. (2006). Economic Versus Environmental Improvement Potentials of Danish Pig Farms. *Agricultural Economics*, 35(2), 171–181.
20. Asmild, M., Hougaard, J. L., Kronborg, D., Kvist, H. K. (2003) Measuring Inefficiency via Potential Improvements. *Journal of Productivity Analysis*, 19(1), 59-76.
21. Asmild, M., Matthews, K. (2012). Multi-directional efficiency analysis of efficiency patterns in Chinese banks 1997–2008. *European Journal of Operational Research*, 219(2): 434–441.
22. Asmild, M., Pastor, J. T. (2010). Slack free MEA and RDM with comprehensive efficiency measures. *Omega*, 38(6), 475–483.
23. Assaf, A. G., Agbola, F. W. (2011). Modelling the Performance of Australian Hotels: A DEA Double Bootstrap Approach. *Tourism Economics*, 17(1), 73–89.
24. Assaf, A. G., Barros, C. (2011). Performance analysis of the gulf hotel industry: A Malmquist index with bias correction. *International Journal of Hospitality Management*, 30(4), 819-826.
25. Assaf, A., Matawie, K. M., (2010). Improving the accuracy of DEA efficiency analysis: a bootstrap application to the health care foodservice industry. *Applied Economics*, 42, 3547–3558.
26. Atici K. B., Podinovski, V. V. (2012). Mixed partial elasticities in constant returns-to-scale production technologies. *European Journal of Operational Research*, 220(1), 262–269.
27. Atici, K. B., Ulucan, A. (2011). A Multiple Criteria Energy Decision Support System. *Technological and Economic Development of Economy*, 17, 219–245.
28. Augutis, J., Jokšas, B., Krikštolaitis, R., Žutautaitė, I. (2014). Criticality assessment of energy infrastructure. *Technological and Economic Development of Economy*, 20(2), 312-331.

29. Avkiran, N. K., Tone, K., Tsutsui, M. (2008). Bridging radial and non-radial measures of efficiency in DEA. *Annals of Operations Research*, 164(1), 127–138.
30. Aysan, A. F., Karakaya, M. M., Uyanik, M. (2011). Panel stochastic frontier analysis of profitability and efficiency of Turkish banking sector in the post crisis era. *Journal of Business Economics and Management*, 12(4), 629–654.
31. Bădin, L., Daraio, C., Simar, L. (2010). Optimal bandwidth selection for conditional efficiency measures: a data-driven approach. *European Journal of Operational Research*, 201(2), 633–640.
32. Bădin, L., Daraio, C., Simar, L. (2012). How to measure the impact of environmental factors in a nonparametric production model. *European Journal of Operational Research*, 223(3), 818–833.
33. Balcombe, K., Davidova, S., Latruffe, L. (2008). The use of bootstrapped Malmquist indices to reassess productivity change findings: an application to a sample of Polish farms. *Applied Economics*, 40(16), 2055–2061.
34. Balcombe, K., Fraser, I., Latruffe, L., Rahman, M., Smith, L. (2008). An Application of the DEA Double Bootstrap to Examine Sources of Efficiency in Bangladesh Rice Farming. *Applied Economics*, 40(15), 1919–1925.
35. Baležentis, A., Baležentis, T., Misiūnas, A. (2012a). An integrated assessment of Lithuanian economic sectors based on financial ratios and fuzzy MCDM methods. *Technological and Economic Development of Economy*, 18(1), 34–53.
36. Baležentis, A., Baležentis, T., Streimikiene, D. (2011). The energy intensity in Lithuania during 1995–2009: A LMDI approach. *Energy Policy*, 39(11), 7322–7334.
37. Baležentis, T. (2012). Technical efficiency and expansion of Lithuanian Family Farms (2004–2009): Graph Data Envelopment Analysis and

- Rank-Sum Test. *Management Theory and Studies for Rural Business and Infrastructure Development*, 31(2), 26–35.
38. Baležentis, T., Baležentis, A. (2011). A multi-criteria assessment of relative farming efficiency in the European Union Member States. *Žemės ūkio mokslai*, 18(3), 125–135.
39. Baležentis, T., Baležentis, A. (2013). Estimation of the Efficiency of the Lithuanian Family Farms via the Order-m Frontiers. *Management Theory and Studies for Rural Business and Infrastructure Development*, 35(3), 355–367.
40. Baležentis, T., Baležentis, A., Kriščiukaitienė, I. (2013). Returns to Scale in the Lithuanian Family Farms: A Qualitative Approach. *Ekonomika ir vadyba: aktualijos ir perspektyvos*, 3(31), 180–189.
41. Baležentis, T., Kriščiukaitienė, I. (2012a). Family farm efficiency across farming types in Lithuania and its managerial implications – data envelopment analysis. *Management Theory and Studies for Rural Business and Infrastructure Development*, 1(30), 22–30.
42. Baležentis, T., Kriščiukaitienė, I. (2012b). Application of the Bootstrapped DEA for the Analysis of Lithuanian Family Farm Efficiency. *Management Theory and Studies for Rural Business and Infrastructure Development*, 34(5), 35–46.
43. Baležentis, T., Kriščiukaitienė, I. (2012c). Patterns of Efficiency and Productivity in the Lithuanian Agriculture: A Non-parametric Analysis. Vilnius, Lithuanian Institute of Agrarian Economics.
44. Baležentis, T., Kriščiukaitienė, I. (2013). Productive efficiency of the Lithuanian family farms (2004-2009): A non-parametric inference with post-efficiency analysis. *Economic Computation & Economic Cybernetics Studies & Research*, 47(4), 153–172.
45. Baležentis, T., Kriščiukaitienė, I., Baležentis, A. (2012b). Dynamics of the Total Factor Productivity in Lithuanian Family Farms: Frontier Measures. *Economic Computation and Economic Cybernetics Studies and Research*, 46(4), 201–212.

46. Baležentis, T., Kriščiukaitienė, I., Baležentis, A. (2012c). Farming Efficiency across the EU Member States and Farming Types: Frontier Benchmarking. *Economic Science for Rural Development*, 28, 20–24.
47. Baležentis, T., Kriščiukaitienė, I., Baležentis, A. (2013). The trends of technical and allocative efficiency in Lithuanian family farms. *Economic Science for Rural Development*, 30, 91–98.
48. Baležentis, T., Kriščiukaitienė, I., Baležentis, A. (2014). A nonparametric analysis of the determinants of family farm efficiency dynamics in Lithuania. *Agricultural Economics*, 45(5), 489–499.
49. Baležentis, T., Valkauskas, R. (2013). Returns to scale in the Lithuanian family farms: A quantitative approach. *Žemės ūkio mokslai*, 20(3), 195–210.
50. Banker R. D., Thrall R. M. (1992). Estimation of returns to scale using data envelopment analysis. *European Journal of Operational Research*, 62, 74–84.
51. Banker, R. D. (1984). Estimating most productive scale size using data envelopment analysis. *European Journal of Operational Research*, 17(1), 35-44.
52. Banker, R. D., Charnes, A., Cooper, W. W. (1984). Some Models for Estimating Technical and Scale Inefficiencies in Data Envelopment Analysis. *Management Science*, 30(9), 1078–1092.
53. Barros, C. P., Felício, J. A., Fernandes, R. L. (2012). Productivity analysis of Brazilian seaports. *Maritime Policy & Management*, 39(5), 503–523.
54. Barros, C. P., Guironnet, J., Peypoch, N. (2011). Productivity growth and biased technical change in French higher education. *Economic Modelling*, 28(1), 641–646.
55. Barros, C. P., Managi, S., Matousek, R. (2009). Productivity growth and biased technological change: Credit banks in Japan. *Journal of International Financial Markets, Institutions and Money*, 19(5), 924–936.

56. Barros, C. P., Weber, W. L. (2009). Productivity growth and biased technological change in UK airports. *Transportation Research Part E: Logistics and Transportation Review*, 45(4), 642–653.
57. Battese, G. E., Coelli, T. J. (1988). Prediction of Firm-Level Technical Efficiencies With a Generalised Frontier Production Function and Panel Data. *Journal of Econometrics*, 38, 387–399.
58. Battese, G. E., Coelli, T. J. (1995). A Model for Technical Inefficiency Effects in a Stochastic Frontier Production Function for Panel Data. *Empirical Economics*, 20, 325–332.
59. Battese, G. E., Corra, G. S. (1977). Estimation of a production frontier model: with application to the pastoral zone of Eastern Australia. *Australian Journal of Agricultural Economics*, 21(3), 169–179.
60. Bezlepkina, I., Lansink, A. G. O. (2006). Impact of debts and subsidies on agricultural production: Farm-data evidence. *Quarterly Journal of International Agriculture*, 45, 7-34.
61. Bilgin, M. H., Lau, C. K. M., Karabulut, G. (2012). Technology transfer and enterprise performance: a firm-level analysis in China. *Journal of Business Economics and Management*, 13(3), 489–498.
62. Bjurek, H. (1994). *Essays on Efficiency and Productivity Change with Applications to Public Service Production*. Ekonomiska Studier 52. – School of Economics and Commercial Law, University of Gothenburg, Sweden.
63. Bjurek, H. (1996). The Malmquist Total Factor Productivity Index. *Scandinavian Journal of Economics*, 98(2), 303–313.
64. Bogetoft, P., Hougaard, J. L. (1999). Efficiency evaluations based on potential (non-proportional) improvements. *Journal of Productivity Analysis*, 12(3), 233–247.
65. Bogetoft, P., Otto, L. (2011). *Benchmarking with DEA, SFA, and R*. Springer.

66. Bojnec, Š., Fertő, I. (2013). Farm income sources, farm size and farm technical efficiency in Slovenia. *Post-Communist Economies*, 25(3), 343–356.
67. Bojnec, Š., Latruffe, L. (2008). Measures of farm business efficiency. *Industrial Management & Data Systems*, 108(2), 258–270.
68. Bojnec, Š., Latruffe, L. (2009). Productivity Change in Slovenian Agriculture during the Transition: A Comparison of Production Branches. *Ekonomicky Casopis*, 57(4), 327–343.
69. Bojnec, S., Latruffe, L. (2011). Farm Size and Efficiency during Transition: Insights from Slovenian Farms. *Transformations in Business and Economics*, 10(3), 104–116.
70. Bojnec, Š., Latruffe, L. (2013). Farm size, agricultural subsidies and farm performance in Slovenia. *Land Use Policy*, 32, 207–217.
71. Borůvková, J., Kuncová, M. (2012). Comparison Of The Ophthalmology Departments Of The Vysocina Region Hospitals Using DEA Models. *Acta Oeconomica Pragensia*, 20(5), 75–84.
72. Brauers, W. K. M., Zavadskas, E. K. (2006). The MOORA method and its application to privatization in a transition economy. *Control and Cybernetics*, 35, 445–469.
73. Brauers, W. K. M., Zavadskas, E. K. (2010). Project management by MULTIMOORA as an instrument for transition economies. *Technological and Economic Development of Economy*, 16, 5–24.
74. Brauers, W. K. M., Zavadskas, E. K. (2011). MULTIMOORA Optimization Used to Decide on a Bank Loan to Buy Property. *Technological and Economic Development of Economy*, 17, 174–188.
75. Brauers, W. K. M., Zavadskas, E. K. (2012). Robustness of MULTIMOORA: A Method for Multi-Objective Optimization. *Informatica*, 23(1), 1–25.

76. Bravo-Ureta, B. E., Solis, D., Moreira Lopez, V. H., Maripani, J. F., Thiam, A., Rivas, T. (2006). Technical efficiency in farming: a meta-regression analysis. *Journal of Productivity Analysis*, 27(1), 57–72.
77. Briec, W., Peypoch, N. (2007). Biased technical change and parallel neutrality. *Journal of Economics*, 92(3), 281–292.
78. Briec, W., Peypoch, N., Ratsimbanierana, H. (2011). Productivity growth and biased technological change in hydroelectric dams. *Energy Economics*, 33(5), 853–858.
79. Brizga, J., Atstaja, D., Dimante, D. (2011). Sustainable Consumption and Production in the Baltic Sea Region. *Chinese Business Review*, 10(11), 1009–1020.
80. Brizga, J., Feng, K., Hubacek, K. (2013). Drivers of CO₂ emissions in the former Soviet Union: A country level IPAT analysis from 1990 to 2010. *Energy*, 59, 743-753.
81. Brizga, J., Feng, K., Hubacek, K. (2014). Drivers of greenhouse gas emissions in the Baltic States: A structural decomposition analysis. *Ecological Economics*, 98, 22–28.
82. Brock, G., Grazhdaninova, M., Lerman, Z., Uzun, V. (2007). Technical efficiency in Russian agriculture. In: *Russia's Agriculture in Transition: Factor Markets and Constraints on Growth*. Lanham, MD, Lexington Books.
83. Brümmer, B. (2001). Estimating confidence intervals for technical efficiency: the case of private farms in Slovenia. *European Review of Agricultural Economics*, 28(3), 285–306.
84. Brümmer, B., Glauben, T., & Thijssen, G. (2002). Decomposition of productivity growth using distance functions: the case of dairy farms in three European countries. *American Journal of Agricultural Economics*, 84(3), 628-644.
85. Camarero, M., Castillo, J., Picazo-Tadeo, A. J., Tamarit, C. (2013). Eco-efficiency and convergence in OECD countries. *Environmental and Resource Economics*, 55(1), 87-106.

86. Caves, D. W., Christensen, L. R., Diewert, W. E. (1982). The economic theory of index numbers and the measurement of input, output, and productivity. *Econometrica*, 50(6), 1393–1414.
87. Cazals, C., Florens, J. P., Simar, L. (2002). Nonparametric frontier estimation: a robust approach. *Journal of Econometrics*, 106(1), 1–25.
88. Chakraborty, S. (2011). Applications of the MOORA method for decision making in manufacturing environment. *International Journal of Advanced Manufacturing Technology*, 54, 1155–1166.
89. Chambers, R. G. (1988). *Applied production analysis: a dual approach*. Cambridge University Press.
90. Chambers, R. G., Färe, R., Grosskopf, S. (1996). Productivity growth in APEC countries. *Pacific Economic Review*, 1(3), 181–190.
91. Chaplin, H., Davidova, S., Gorton, M. (2004). Agricultural adjustment and the diversification of farm households and corporate farms in Central Europe. *Journal of Rural Studies*, 20(1), 61–77.
92. Charnes, A., Cooper, W. W., Rhodes, E. (1981). Evaluating Program and Managerial Efficiency: An Application of Data Envelopment Analysis to Program Follow Through. *Management Science*, 27(6), 668–697.
93. Charnes, A., Cooper, W. W., Rhodes, E. (1978) Measuring the efficiency of decision making units. *European Journal of Operational Research*, 2(6), 429–444.
94. Chen, P. C. (2012). Measurement of technical efficiency in farrow-to-finish swine production using multi-activity network data envelopment analysis: evidence from Taiwan. *Journal of Productivity Analysis*, In Press. doi:10.1007/s11123-012-0267-1
95. Cheng, H., Lu, Y. C., Chung, J. T. (2010). Improved slack-based context-dependent DEA – A study of international tourist hotels in Taiwan. *Expert Systems with Applications*, 37(9), 6452–6458.

96. Chou, Y.C., Shao, B.B.M., Lin, W.T. (2012). Performance evaluation of production of IT capital goods across OECD countries: A stochastic frontier approach to Malmquist index. *Decision Support Systems*, 54(1), 173–184.
97. Christensen L. R., Jorgenson D. W., Lau, L. J. (1971). Conjugate Duality and the Transcendental Logarithmic Production Function. *Econometrica*, 39, 255–256.
98. Christensen L. R., Jorgenson D. W., Lau, L. J. (1973). Transcendental Logarithmic Production Frontiers. *The Review of Economics and Statistics*, 55(1), 28–45.
99. Chung, Y. H., Färe, R., Grosskopf, S. (1997). Productivity and undesirable outputs: A directional distance function approach. *Journal of Environmental Management*, 51(3), 229–240.
100. Cobb, C., Douglas, P. H. (1928). A Theory of Production. *American Economic Review*, 18, 139–165.
101. Coelli, T. J., Rao, D. S. (2005). Total factor productivity growth in agriculture: A Malmquist index analysis of 93 countries, 1980–2000. *Agricultural Economics*, 32(s1), 115–134.
102. Coelli, T. J., Rao, D. S. P., O'Donnell, C. J., Battese, G. E. (2005). *An Introduction to Efficiency and Productivity Analysis*. Springer.
103. Cooper, W. W., Park, K. S., Yu, G. (1999). IDEA and AR-IDEA: Models for dealing with imprecise data in DEA. *Management Science*, 45, 597–607.
104. Cooper, W. W., Seiford, L. M., Tone, K. (2007). *Data Envelopment Analysis: A Comprehensive Text with Models, Applications, References and DEA–Solver Software*. Second Edition. Springer.
105. Czekaj, T. G. (2013). Measuring the Technical Efficiency of Farms Producing Environmental Output: Parametric and Semiparametric Estimation of Multi-output Stochastic Ray Production Frontiers. IFRO Working Paper 2013 / 21. University of Copenhagen.

- http://okonomi.foi.dk/workingpapers/WPpdf/WP2013/IFRO_WP_2013_21.pdf:
106. Dagiliūtė, R. (2011). Material and Energy Consumption in Lithuania: Towards Sustainability. In: International Economics of Resource Efficiency. – Physica-Verlag HD.
 107. Daouia, A., Simar, L. (2007). Nonparametric efficiency analysis: A multivariate conditional quantile approach. *Journal of Econometrics*, 140(2), 375–400.
 108. Daraio, C., Simar, L. (2005). Introducing environmental variables in nonparametric frontier models: a probabilistic approach. *Journal of Productivity Analysis*, 24(1), 93–121.
 109. Daraio, C., Simar, L. (2007a). Advanced robust and nonparametric methods in efficiency analysis: methodology and applications. Vol. 4. Springer.
 110. Daraio, C., Simar, L. (2007b). Conditional nonparametric frontier models for convex and nonconvex technologies: a unifying approach. *Journal of Productivity Analysis*, 28(1), 13–32.
 111. Daraio, C., Simar, L. (2014). Directional distances and their robust versions: Computational and testing issues. *European Journal of Operational Research*, 237(1), 358-369.
 112. Daraio, C., Simar, L., Wilson, P. W. (2010). Testing whether two-stage estimation is meaningful in non-parametric models of production (Vol. 1030). Discussion paper.
 113. Davidova, S., Latruffe, L. (2007). Relationships between Technical Efficiency and Financial Management for Czech Republic Farms. *Journal of Agricultural Economics*, 58(2), 269–288.
 114. De Witte, K., Kortelainen, M. (2013). What explains the performance of students in a heterogeneous environment? Conditional efficiency estimation with continuous and discrete environmental variables. *Applied Economics*, 45(17), 2401–2412.

115. Debreu, G. (1951). The Coefficient of Resource Utilization. *Econometrica*, 19(3), 273–292.
116. Department of Statistics to the Government of the Republic of Lithuania. (2005). Results of the Census of Agriculture 2003. Vilnius.
117. Deprins, D. L., Simar, L., Tulkens, H. (1984). Measuring labor efficiency in post offices. In M. Marchand, P. Pestieau, and H. Tulkens (eds.), *The Performance of Public Enterprises: Concepts and Measurement*. Amsterdam: North Holland.
118. Dios-Palomares, R., Martínez-Paz, J. M. (2012). Technical, quality and environmental efficiency of the olive oil industry. *Food Policy*, 36(4), 526–534.
119. Douarin, E., Latruffe, L. (2011). Potential impact of the EU Single Area Payment on farm restructuring and efficiency in Lithuania. *Post-Communist Studies*, 23(1), 87–103.
120. Efron, B., Tibshirani, R. J. (1993). *An Introduction to the Bootstrap*. Chapman & Hall.
121. Entani, T., Maeda, Y., Tanaka, H. (2002). Dual models of interval DEA and its extension to interval data. *European Journal of Operational Research*, 136, 32–45.
122. Epanechnikov, V. A. (1969). Non-parametric estimation of a multivariate probability density. *Theory of Probability and its Applications*, 14, 153-158.
123. Epure, M., Prior, D. (2007). An Analysis of Strategic Paths through the Decomposition of Total Factor Productivity: The Case of Spanish Saving Banks. Departament D'Economia De L'Empresa, Universitat Autònoma De Barcelona.
124. Ertay, T., Kahraman, C., Kaya, I. (2013). Evaluation of renewable energy alternatives using MACBETH and fuzzy AHP multicriteria methods: the case of Turkey. *Technological and Economic Development of Economy*, 19(1), 38-62.

125. European Commission. (2011). A resource-efficient Europe – Flagship initiative under the Europe 2020 Strategy. Brussels, 26.1.2011, COM(2011) 21.
126. European Commission. (2011). European Competitiveness Report 2011. Commission staff working document SEC(2011) 1188. Luxembourg: Publications Office of the European Union. doi:10.2769/30346
127. European Commission. (2015). FADN Public Database. <http://ec.europa.eu/agriculture/rica/database/database.cfm>
128. Eurostat. (2014). National accounts. http://epp.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/portal/page/portal/national_accounts/data/database#
129. Färe, R., Knox Lovell, C. A. (1978). Measuring the technical efficiency of production. *Journal of Economic Theory*, 19(1), 150-162.
130. Färe, R., Grifell-Tatjé, E., Grosskopf, S., Knox Lovell, C. (1997). Biased technical change and the malmquist productivity index. *The Scandinavian Journal of Economics*, 99(1), 119–127.
131. Färe, R., Grosskopf, S. (1985). A nonparametric cost approach to scale efficiency. *The Scandinavian Journal of Economics*, 87(4), 594–604.
132. Färe, R., Grosskopf, S. (1990). A Distance Function Approach to Price Efficiency. *Journal of Public Economics*, 43, 123–126.
133. Färe, R., Grosskopf, S., Hernandez-Sancho, F. (2004). Environmental performance: an index number approach. *Resource and Energy economics*, 26(4), 343-352.
134. Färe, R., Grosskopf, S., Lindgren, B., Roos, P. (1992). Productivity changes in Swedish pharmacies 1980–1989: A non-parametric Malmquist approach. *Journal of Productivity Analysis*, 3(1), 85–101.
135. Färe, R., Grosskopf, S., Lovell, C. A. K. (1983). The structure of technical efficiency. *The Scandinavian Journal of Economics*, 85(2), 181–190.

136. Färe, R., Grosskopf, S., Lovell, C. K. (1994). *Production frontiers*. Cambridge University Press.
137. Färe, R., Grosskopf, S., Margaritis, D. (2008). *Efficiency and Productivity: Malmquist and More*. In: Fried, H. O.; Lovell, C. A. K.; Schmidt, S. S. (Eds.) *The Measurement of Productive Efficiency and Productivity*. New York, Oxford University Press.
138. Färe, R., Grosskopf, S., Norris, M., Zhang, Z. (1994). Productivity growth, technical progress, and efficiency change in industrialized countries. *The American Economic Review*, 84, 66–83.
139. Färe, R., Grosskopf, S., Zaim, O. (2005). An Environmental Kuznets Curve for the OECD Countries. In: Färe, R., Grosskopf, S. *New directions: efficiency and productivity*. Vol. 3. Springer.
140. Farrell, M. J. (1957). The measurement of technical efficiency. *Journal of the Royal Statistical Society, Series A, General*, 120(3), 253–281.
141. Faulstich, M., Köglmeier, M., Leipprand, A., Mocker, M. (2013). Strategies to Increase Resource Efficiency. In: *Factor X: Re-source—Designing the Recycling Society*. Eco-Efficiency in Industry and Science, Vol. 30. Springer.
142. Ferjani, A. (2011). Environmental Regulation and Productivity: A Data Envelopment Analysis for Swiss Dairy Farms. *Agricultural Economics Review*, 12, 45–55.
143. Førsund, F. R., Hjalmarsson, L. (2004). Calculating scale elasticity in DEA models. *The Journal of the Operational Research Society*, 55(10), 1023–1038.
144. Førsund, F. R., Hjalmarsson, L., Krivonozhko, V. E., Utkin, O. B. (2007). Calculation of scale elasticities in DEA models: Direct and indirect approaches. *Journal of Productivity Analysis*, 28, 45–56.
145. Fousekis, P., Kourtesi, S., Polymeros, A. (2014). Assessing managerial efficiency on olive farms in Greece. *Outlook on Agriculture*, 43(2), 123–129.

146. Fried, H. O., Lovell, C. A. K., Schmidt, S. S. (2008). Efficiency and productivity. In: *The Measurement of Productive Efficiency and Productivity Growth*. Oxford University Press.
147. Frisch, R. (1965). *Theory of Production*. Dordrecht: D. Reidel.
148. Fuentes, H. J., Grifell-Tatje, E., Perelman, S. (2001). A Parametric Distance Function Approach for Malmquist Productivity Index Estimation. *Journal of Productivity Analysis*, 15(2), 79–94.
149. Fulginiti, L. E., Perrin, R. K. (1997). LDC agriculture: Nonparametric Malmquist productivity indexes. *Journal of Development Economics*, 53, 373–390.
150. Genty, A., Arto, I., Neuwahl, F. (2012). Final database of environmental satellite accounts: Technical report on their compilation. WIOD Deliverable 4.6.
151. Gómez-Limón, J. A., Picazo-Tadeo, A. J., Reig-Martínez, E. (2012). Eco-efficiency assessment of olive farms in Andalusia. *Land Use Policy*, 29(2), 395–406.
152. Gorton, M., Davidova, S. (2004). Farm productivity and efficiency in the CEE applicant countries: a synthesis of results. *Agricultural Economics*, 30, 1–16.
153. Greene, W. H. (2008). *The Econometric Approach to Efficiency Analysis*. In: Fried, H. O., Lovell, C. A. K., Schmidt, S. S. (Eds.) *The Measurement of Productive Efficiency and Productivity*. New York, Oxford University Press.
154. Grosskopf, S. (1986). The role of the reference technology in measuring productive efficiency. *The Economic Journal*, 96, 499–513.
155. Growitsch, C., Jamasb, T., Pollitt, M. (2009). Quality of service, efficiency and scale in network industries: an analysis of European electricity distribution. *Applied Economics*, 41(20), 2555–2570.
156. Guo, P., Tanaka, H. (2001). Fuzzy DEA: A perceptual evaluation method. *Fuzzy Sets and Systems*, 119, 149–160.

157. Hajiagha, S. H. R., Akrami, H., Zavadskas, E. K., Hashemi, S. S. (2013). An intuitionistic fuzzy data envelopment analysis for efficiency evaluation under uncertainty: case of a finance and credit institution. *E & M Ekonomie a Management*, 16(1), 128–137.
158. Halkos, G. E., Tzeremes, N. K. (2012). Analysing the Greek renewable energy sector: A Data Envelopment Analysis approach. *Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews*, 16, 2884–2893.
159. Hall, P., Racine, J. S. and Li, Q. (2004) Cross-validation and the estimation of conditional probability densities. *Journal of the American Statistical Association*, 99, 1015–26.
160. Hatami-Marbini, A., Emrouznejad, A., Tavana, M. (2011). A taxonomy and review of the fuzzy data envelopment analysis literature: two decades in making. *European Journal of Operational Research*, 214, 457–472.
161. Hayfield, T., Racine, J. S. (2008). Nonparametric econometrics: the np package. *Journal of Statistical Software*, 27(5), 1–32.
162. Henningsen, A. (2009). Why is the Polish farm sector still so underdeveloped? *Post-Communist Economies*, 21(1), 47–64.
163. Henningsen, A., Kumbhakar, S. (2009). Semiparametric stochastic frontier analysis: An application to Polish farms during transition. Paper presented at the European Workshop on Efficiency and Productivity Analysis (EWEPA) in Pisa, Italy, June 24.
164. Hoang, V. N., Alauddin, M. (2012). Input-Orientated Data Envelopment Analysis Framework for Measuring and Decomposing Economic, Environmental and Ecological Efficiency: An Application to OECD Agriculture. *Environmental & Resource Economics*, 51, 431–452.
165. Hoff, A. (2006). Bootstrapping Malmquist indices for Danish seiners in the North Sea and Skagerrak. *Journal of Applied Statistics*, 33(9), 891–907.

166. Hoff, A. (2007). Second Stage DEA: Comparison of Approaches for Modelling the DEA Score. *European Journal of Operational Research*, 181, 425–435.
167. Hoff, A., Vestergaard, N. (2003). Second stage DEA. In: Pascoe, S.; Mardle, S. (eds). *Efficiency Analysis in EU Fisheries: Stochastic Production Frontiers and Data Envelopment Analysis*. CEMARE Report 60. CEMARE, University of Portsmouth, UK.
168. Holvad, T., Hougaard, J. L., Kronborg, D., Kvist, H. K. (2004). Measuring Inefficiency in the Norwegian Bus Industry Using Multi-Directional Efficiency Analysis. *Transportation*, 31(3), 349–369.
169. Horta, I. M., Camanho, A. S., Johnes, J., Johnes, G. (2013). Performance trends in the construction industry worldwide: An overview of the turn of the century. *Journal of Productivity Analysis*, 39(1), 89–99.
170. Hougaard, J. L. (1999). Fuzzy scores of technical efficiency. *European Journal of Operational Research*, 115, 529–541.
171. Hougaard, J. L. (2005). A simple approximation of efficiency scores of fuzzy production plans. *Fuzzy Sets and Systems*, 152, 455–465.
172. Hougaard, J. L., Baležentis, T. (2014). Fuzzy efficiency without convexity. *Fuzzy Sets and Systems*. doi: 10.1016/j.fss.2014.04.009
173. Hougaard, J. L., Kronborg, D., Overgård, C. (2004) Improvement Potential in Danish Elderly Care. *Health Care Management Science*, 7(3), 225–235.
174. Huang, Z., Li. S. X. (2001). Stochastic DEA models with different types of input-output disturbances. *Journal of Productivity Analysis*, 15(2), 95–113.
175. Husson, F., Lê, S., Pages, J. (2010). *Exploratory multivariate analysis by example using R*. Computer sciences and data analysis. Chapman & Hall/CRC.

176. Ippoliti, R., Falavigna, G. (2012). Efficiency of the medical care industry: Evidence from the Italian regional system. *European Journal of Operational Research*, 217, 643–652.
177. Jack, L., Boone, J. (2009). Sustainable Change and Benchmarking in the Food Supply Chain. In: Jack, L. (Ed.). *Benchmarking in Food and Farming*. Gower.
178. Jahanshahloo, G. R., Kazemi Matin, R., Hadi Vencheh, A. (2004). On FDH efficiency analysis with interval data. *Applied Mathematics and Computation*, 159, 47–55.
179. Jaraitė, J., Di Maria, C. (2011). Efficiency, productivity and environmental policy: A case study of power generation in the EU. *Energy Economics*, 34, 1557–1568.
180. Jin, S., Ma, H., Huang, J., Hu, R., Rozelle, S. (2010). Productivity, efficiency and technical change: measuring the performance of China's transforming agriculture. *Journal of Productivity Analysis*, 33, 191–207.
181. Jurkėnaitė, N. (2012). Lietuvos ūkininkų ūkių ekonominio gyvybingumo palyginamoji analizė. *Žemės ūkio mokslai*, 19(4), 288–298.
182. Kalirajan, K. P., Shand, R. T. (2002). Frontier production functions and technical efficiency measures, *Journal of Economic Surveys*, 13(2), 149–172.
183. Kao, C. (2006). Interval efficiency measures in data envelopment analysis with imprecise data. *European Journal of Operational Research*, 174, 1087–1099.
184. Kao, C., Liu, S. T. (2000). Fuzzy efficiency measures in data envelopment analysis. *Fuzzy Sets and Systems*, 113, 427–437.
185. Karagiannis, G., Sarris, A. (2005). Measuring and explaining scale efficiency with the parametric approach: the case of Greek tobacco growers. *Agricultural Economics*, 33(s3), 441–451.

186. Kaufmann, A., Gupta, M. M. (1991). *Introduction to Fuzzy Arithmetic: Theory and Applications*. Van Nostrand Reinhold, New York.
187. Kerstens, K., Hachem, B. A. M., Van de Woestyne, I. (2010). *Malmquist and Hicks-Moorsteen Productivity Indices: An Empirical Comparison Focusing on Infeasibilities*. Working Papers 2010/31. Hogeschool-Universiteit Brussel, Faculteit Economie en Management.
188. Kim, K., Chavas, J.-P., Barham, B., Foltz, J., (2012). Specialization, diversification, and productivity: a panel data analysis of rice farms in Korea. *Agricultural Economics*, 43, 687–700.
189. Kirner, L., Kratochvil, R. (2006). The Role of Farm Size in the Sustainability of Dairy Farming in Austria: An Empirical Approach Based on Farm Accounting Data. *Journal of Sustainable Agriculture*, 28(4), 105–124.
190. Knašytė, M., Kliopova, I., Staniškis, J. K. (2012). Economic Importance, Supply and Environmental Risks of Imported Resources in Lithuanian Industry. *Environmental Research, Engineering and Management*, 2(60), 40–47.
191. Knežević, N., Trubint, N., Macura, D., Bojović, N. (2011). A Two-level Approach for Human Resource Planning towards Organizational Efficiency of a Postal Distribution System. *Journal of Economic Computation and Economic Cybernetics Studies and Research*, 45(4), 155–168.
192. Koopmans, T. C. (1951). An analysis of production as an efficient combination of activities. In: Koopmans, T. C. (ed.). *Activity Analysis of Production and Allocation*. Cowles Commission for Research in Economics. Monograph No. 13. New York: Wiley.
193. Kriščiukaitienė, I., Tamošaitienė, A., Andrikiienė, S. (2007). Racionalaus dydžio ūkių modeliavimas. *Žemės ūkio mokslai*, 14(Priedas), 78–85.
194. Krivonozhko, V. E., Utkin, O. B., Volodin, A. V., Sablin, I. A., Patrin, M. (2004). Constructions of economic functions and calculations of

- marginal rates in DEA using parametric optimization methods. *Journal of the Operational Research Society*, 55, 1049–1058.
195. Kruse, R., Doering, C., Lesot, M. J. (2007). Fundamentals of fuzzy clustering. In: J. Valente de Oliveira, W. Pedrycz, eds., *Advances in Fuzzy Clustering and Its Applications*. John Wiley & Sons.
196. Kuliešis, G., Šalengaitė, D., Kozlovskaja, A. (2011). *Apleista žemė: problemos ir sprendimo būdai* [Abandoned Land: Problems and Solutions]. Vilnius, Lietuvos agrarines ekonomikos institutas.
197. Kumar, S. (2006). A decomposition of total productivity growth: A regional analysis of Indian industrial manufacturing growth. *International Journal of Productivity and Performance Management*, 55(3/4), 311–331.
198. Kumbhakar, S. C., Lien, G., Hardaker, J. B. (2014). Technical efficiency in competing panel data models: a study of Norwegian grain farming. *Journal of Productivity Analysis*, 41(2), 321–337.
199. Kuznets, S. (1955). Economic growth and income inequality. *The American Economic Review*, 45(1), 1–28.
200. Labaj, M., Luptacik, M., Nezinsky, E. (2014). Data envelopment analysis for measuring economic growth in terms of welfare beyond GDP. *Empirica*, 41, 407–424.
201. Lambarra, F., Kallas, Z. (2010). Policy impact on technical efficiency of Spanish olive farms located in less-favored areas. *Food Economics – Acta Agriculturae Scandinavica, Section C*, 7(2-4), 100–106.
202. Land, K. C., Lovell, C. A., Thore, S. (1993). Chance-constrained data envelopment analysis. *Managerial and Decision Economics*, 14(6), 541–554.
203. Larsén, K. (2010). Effects of machinery-sharing arrangements on farm efficiency: evidence from Sweden. *Agricultural Economics*, 41, 497–506.

204. Latruffe, L. (2010). Competitiveness, Productivity and Efficiency in the Agricultural and Agri-Food Sectors. OECD Food, Agriculture and Fisheries Working Papers, No. 30, OECD Publishing. doi: 10.1787/5km91nkdt6d6-en
205. Latruffe, L., Balcombe, K., Davidova, S., Zawalinska, K. (2004). Determinants of technical efficiency of crop and livestock farms in Poland. *Applied Economics*, 36(12), 1255–1263.
206. Latruffe, L., Balcombe, K., Davidova, S., Zawalinska, K. (2005). Technical and scale efficiency of crop and livestock farms in Poland: does specialization matter? *Agricultural Economics*, 32(3), 281–296.
207. Latruffe, L., Davidova, S., Balcombe, K. (2008). Application of a Double Bootstrap to Investigation of Determinants of Technical Efficiency of Farms in Central Europe. *Journal of Productivity Analysis*, 29(2), 183–191.
208. Latruffe, L., Davidova, S., Balcombe, K. (2008). Productivity change in Polish agriculture: an illustration of a bootstrapping procedure applied to Malmquist indices. *Post-Communist Economies*, 20, 449–460.
209. Latruffe, L., Fogarasi, J., Desjeux, Y. (2012). Efficiency, productivity and technology comparison for farms in Central and Western Europe: The case of field crop and dairy farming in Hungary and France. *Economic Systems*, 36(2), 264–278.
210. Lèon, T., Liern, V., Ruiz, J. L., Sirvent, I. (2003). A fuzzy mathematical programming approach to the assessment of efficiency with DEA models. *Fuzzy Sets and Systems*, 139, 407–419.
211. Lertworasirikul, S., Fang, S. C., Joines, J. A., Nuttle, H. L. W. (2003). Fuzzy data envelopment analysis (DEA): a possibility approach. *Fuzzy Sets and Systems*, 139, 379–394.
212. Li, Q., Maasoumi, E., Racine, J. S. (2009). A Nonparametric Test for Equality of Distributions with Mixed Categorical and Continuous Data. *Journal of Econometrics*, 148, 186–200.

213. Li, Q., Racine, J. S. (2007). *Nonparametric Econometrics: Theory and Practice*. Princeton University Press, Princeton.
214. Li, Q., Racine, J. S. (2008). Nonparametric estimation of conditional CDF and quantile functions with mixed categorical and continuous data. *Journal of Business and Economic Statistics*, 26, 423–434.
215. Lim, S. (2012). Context-dependent data envelopment analysis with cross-efficiency evaluation. *Journal of the Operational Research Society*, 63, 38–46.
216. Lithuanian Institute of Agrarian Economics. 2010. Ūkių veiklos rezultatai (ŪADT tyrimo duomenys) 2009 [FADN Survey Results 2009]. Vilnius, Lietuvos agrarinės ekonomikos institutas.
217. Liu, J. S., Lu, L. Y. Y., Lu, W. M., Lin, B. J. Y. (2013). Data envelopment analysis 1978–2010: A citation-based literature survey. *Omega*, 41(1), 3–15.
218. Lovell, C. A. K. (2003). The Decomposition of Malmquist Productivity Indexes. *Journal of Productivity Analysis*, 20(3), 437–458.
219. Luik, H., Seilenthal, J., Värnik, R. (2009). Measuring the input-orientated technical efficiency of Estonian grain farms in 2005–2007. *Food Economics - Acta Agriculturae Scandinavica, Section C*, 6(3-4), 204–210.
220. Maddala, G. S. (2001). *Introduction to Econometrics*. Third Edition. John Wiley & Sons.
221. Mahlberg, B., Luptacik, M. (2014). Eco-efficiency and eco-productivity change over time in a multisectoral economic system. *European Journal of Operational Research*, 234(3), 885-897.
222. Mahlberg, B., Luptacik, M., Sahoo, B. K. (2011). Examining the drivers of total factor productivity change with an illustrative example of 14 EU countries. *Ecological Economics*, 72, 60–69.
223. Malmquist, S. (1953). Index numbers and indifference surfaces. *Trabajos de Estadística y de Investigación Operativa*, 4(2), 209–242.

224. Managi, S., Karemera, D. (2004). Input and output biased technological change in US agriculture. *Applied Economics Letters*, 11(5), 283–286.
225. Mancebón, M. J., Calero, J., Choi, Á., Ximénez-de-Embún, D. P. (2012). The efficiency of public and publicly subsidized high schools in Spain: Evidence from PISA-2006. *Journal of the Operational Research Society*, 63, 1516–1533.
226. Margono, H., Sharma, S. C., Sylwester, K., Al-Qalawi, U. (2011). Technical efficiency and productivity analysis in Indonesian provincial economies. *Applied Economics*, 43(6), 663–672.
227. Matei, M., Spircu, L. (2012). Ranking regional innovation systems according to their technical efficiency-a nonparametric approach. *Economic Computation and Economic Cybernetics Studies and Research*, 46(4), 31–49.
228. Mathijs, E., Vranken, L. (2001). Human capital, gender and organisation in transition agriculture: Measuring and explaining the technical efficiency of Bulgarian and Hungarian farms. *Post-communist Economies*, 13(2), 171–187.
229. Meeusen, W., van den Broeck, J. (1977). Efficiency Estimation from Cobb-Douglas Production Functions with Composed Error. *International Economic Review*, 18(2), 435–444.
230. Mendes, A. B., Soares da Silva, E. L. D. G., Azevedo Santos, J. M., eds. (2013). *Efficiency Measures in the Agricultural Sector. With Applications*. Springer.
231. Ministry of Environment of Republic of Lithuania. (2014b). Lithuania's Sixth National Communication under the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change. Vilnius.
232. Ministry of Environment of Republic of Lithuania. (2010). Lithuania's Fifth National Communication under the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change. Vilnius.
233. Ministry of Environment of Republic of Lithuania. (2014a). Lithuania's National Greenhouse Gas Inventory Report 1990-2012. Vilnius.

234. Morita, H., Hirokawa, K., Zhu, J. (2005). A slack-based measure of efficiency in context-dependent data envelopment analysis. *Omega*, 33(4), 357–362.
235. Morita, H., Zhu, J. (2007). Context-Dependent Data Envelopment Analysis and its Use. In: *Modeling Data Irregularities and Structural Complexities in Data Envelopment Analysis*. Springer.
236. Mugera, A. W., Langemeier, M. R. (2011). Does Farm Size and Specialization Matter for Productive Efficiency? Results from Kansas. *Journal of Agricultural and Applied Economics*, 43(4), 515–528.
237. Mugera, A. W., Langemeier, M. R., Featherstone, A. M. (2012a). Labor productivity growth in the Kansas farm sector: A tripartite decomposition using a non-parametric approach. *Agricultural and Resource Economics Review*, 41(3), 298–312.
238. Mugera, A. W., Langemeier, M. R., Featherstone, A. M. (2012b). Labor productivity convergence in the Kansas farm sector: a three-stage procedure using data envelopment analysis and semiparametric regression analysis. *Journal of Productivity Analysis*, 38, 63–79.
239. Müller, M. (2013). Increased Resource Efficiency: The Key Issue for Ecology and the Economy. In: *Factor X: Re-source—Designing the Recycling Society*. *Eco-Efficiency in Industry and Science*, Vol. 30. Springer.
240. Murillo-Zamorano, L. R. (2004). Economic Efficiency and Frontier Techniques. *Journal of Economic Surveys*, 18(1), 33–45.
241. Nauges, C., O'Donnell, C. J., Quiggin, J. (2011). Uncertainty and technical efficiency in Finnish agriculture: a state-contingent approach. *European Review of Agricultural Economics*, 38(4), 449–467.
242. Nin, A., Arndt, C., Preckel, P. V. (2003). Is agricultural productivity in developing countries really shrinking? New evidence using a modified nonparametric approach. *Journal of Development Economics*, 71(2), 395–415.

243. O'Donnell, C. J. (2012a). An aggregate quantity framework for measuring and decomposing productivity change. *Journal of Productivity Analysis*, 38(3), 255–272.
244. O'Donnell, C. J. (2012b). Nonparametric Estimates of the Components of productivity and Profitability Change in U. S. Agriculture. *American Journal of Agricultural Economics*. doi: 10.1093/ajae/aas023
245. Odeck, J. (2009). Statistical precision of DEA and Malmquist indices: A bootstrap application to Norwegian grain producers. *Omega*, 37(5), 1007–1017.
246. O'Donnell, C. J. (2008). An aggregate quantity-price framework for measuring and decomposing productivity and profitability change. School of Economics, University of Queensland, Australia.
247. O'Donnell, C. J. (2011a). The sources of productivity change in the manufacturing sectors of the US economy. School of Economics, University of Queensland, Australia.
248. O'Donnell, C. J. (2011b). DPIN version 3.0: a program for decomposing productivity index numbers. School of Economics, University of Queensland, Australia.
249. OECD, FAO. (2011), OECD-FAO Agricultural Outlook 2011–2020. OECD Publishing. doi: 10.1787/agr_outlook-2011-en.
250. OECD. (2002). Indicators to measure decoupling of environmental pressure from economic growth. – <http://www.oecd.org/redirect/redirect/dataoecd/0/52/1933638.pdf>
251. Offermann, F., (2003). Quantitative Analyse der sektoralen Auswirkungen einer Ausdehnung des ökologischen Landbaus in der EU. *Berliner Schriften zur Agrar- und Umweltökonomik*. Berlin.
252. Oh, D. H., Heshmati, A. (2010). A sequential Malmquist–Luenberger productivity index: Environmentally sensitive productivity growth considering the progressive nature of technology. *Energy Economics*, 32, 1345–1355.

253. Olson, K., Vu, L. (2009). Economic Efficiency in Farm Households: Trends, Explanatory Factors, and Estimation Methods. *Agricultural Economics*, 40(5), 587–599.
254. Paech, N. (2013). Economic Growth and Sustainable Development. In: *Factor X: Re-source—Designing the Recycling Society. Eco-Efficiency in Industry and Science*, Vol. 30. Springer.
255. Paul, C., Nehring, R., Banker, D., Somwaru, A. (2004). Scale economies and efficiency in US agriculture: Are traditional farms history? *Journal of Productivity Analysis*, 22(3), 185–205.
256. Perelman, S., Serebrisky, T. (2012). Measuring the technical efficiency of airports in Latin America. *Utilities Policy*, 22, 1–7.
257. Petrick, M., Kloss, M. (2012). Drivers of agricultural capital productivity in selected EU member states. *Factor Markets*, Working Paper 30. Brussels: Centre for European Policy Studies.
258. Peypoch, N., Sbai, S. (2011). Productivity growth and biased technological change: The case of Moroccan hotels. *International Journal of Hospitality Management*, 30(1), 136–140.
259. Piesse, J., Thirtle, C. (2000). A Stochastic Frontier Approach to Firm Level Efficiency, Technological Change, and Productivity during the Early Transition in Hungary. *Journal of Comparative Economics*, 28, 473–501.
260. Pilyavsky, A., Staat, M. (2008). Efficiency and productivity change in Ukrainian health care. *Journal of Productivity Analysis*, 29(2), 143–154.
261. Podinovski V. V., Førsund F. R., Krivonozhko V. E. (2009). A simple derivation of scale elasticity in data envelopment analysis. *European Journal of Operational Research*, 197, 149–153.
262. Portela, S., Conceição A., M., Thanassoulis, E. (2001). Decomposing school and school-type efficiency. *European Journal of Operational Research*, 132(2), 357–373.

263. Racine, J. S. (2008). Nonparametric econometrics: a primer. *Foundations and Trends in Econometrics*, 3(1), 1–88.
264. Racine, J. S., Hart, J., Li, Q. (2006). Testing the significance of categorical predictor variables in nonparametric regression models. *Econometric Reviews*, 25, 523–544.
265. Racine, J. S., Li, Q. (2004) Nonparametric estimation of regression functions with both categorical and continuous data. *Journal of Econometrics*, 119, 99–130.
266. Rahman, S., Salim, R. (2013). Six decades of total factor productivity change and sources of growth in Bangladesh agriculture (1948–2008). *Journal of Agricultural Economics*. doi:10.1111/1477-9552.12009
267. Ramanathan, R. (2003). *An Introduction to Data Envelopment Analysis: A Tool for Performance Measurement*. Sage Publications.
268. Rasmussen, S. (2010). Scale efficiency in Danish agriculture: an input distance–function approach. *European Review of Agricultural Economics*, 37(3), 335–367.
269. Rasmussen, S. (2011). Estimating the technical optimal scale of production in Danish agriculture, *Food Economics - Acta Agriculturae Scandinavica, Section C*, 8(1), 1–19.
270. Ray, S. C. (1998). Measuring Scale Efficiency from a Translog Production Function. *Journal of Productivity Analysis*, 11, 183–194.
271. Ray, S. C. (2003). Measuring Scale Efficiency from the Translog Multi-input, Multi-output Distance Function. Manuscript. University of Connecticut.
272. Ray, S. C. (2004). *Data Envelopment Analysis: Theory and Techniques for Economics and Operations Research*. Cambridge University Press.
273. Ray, S. C., Desli, E. (1997). Productivity growth, technical progress, and efficiency change in industrialized countries: Comment. *The American Economic Review*, 87, 1033–1039.

274. Reinhard, S., Lovell, C. A. K., Thijssen, G. (2002). Analysis of Environmental Efficiency Variation. *American Journal of Agricultural Economics*, 84(4), 1054–1065.
275. Republic of Lithuania. (2012). *The Strategy for National Climate Change Management Policy*. Vilnius.
276. Rezitis, A., Tsiboukas, K., Tsoukalas, S. (2009). Effects of the European Union farm credit programs on efficiency and productivity of the Greek livestock sector: A stochastic DEA application. 8th Annual EEFS Conference Current Challenges in the Global Economy: Prospects and Policy Reforms, University of Warsaw, Faculty of Economic and Science.
277. Rimkuvienė, D., Laurinavičienė, N., Laurinavičius, J. (2010). ES šalių žemės ūkio efektyvumo įvertinimas. *LŽŪU mokslo darbai*, 87(40), 81–89.
278. Samarajeewa, S., Hailu, G., Jeffrey, S. R., Bredahl, M. (2012). Analysis of production efficiency of beef/calf farms in Alberta. *Applied Economics*, 44, 313–322.
279. Schärli, A. (1985). *Décider sur plusieurs critères*. Presses polytechniques romandes, Lausanne.
280. Seiford, L. M., Zhu J. (2003). Context-dependent data envelopment analysis-Measuring attractiveness and progress. *Omega*, 31, 397–408.
281. Shepard, R. W. (1953). *Cost and Production Functions*. Princeton, New Jersey: Princeton University Press.
282. Shepard, R. W. (1970). *Theory of Costs and Production Functions*. Princeton, New Jersey: Princeton University Press.
283. Shetty, U., Pakkala, T. P. M. (2010). Ranking efficient DMUs based on single virtual inefficient DMU in DEA. *OPSEARCH*, 47(1), 50–72.
284. Silverman, B. W. (1986). *Density Estimation*. London, Chapman and Hall.

285. Simar, L., Vanhems, A. (2012). Probabilistic characterization of directional distances and their robust versions. *Journal of Econometrics*, 166(2), 342-354.
286. Simar, L., Wilson P. W. (1999). Estimating and bootstrapping Malmquist indices. *European Journal of Operational Research*, 115(3), 459–471.
287. Simar, L., Wilson, P. W. (1998a). Productivity Growth in Industrialized Countries. CORE Discussion Paper 1998036. Université Catholique de Louvain.
288. Simar, L., Wilson, P. W. (1998b). Sensitivity analysis of efficiency scores: How to bootstrap in nonparametric frontier models. *Management Science*, 44(1), 49–61.
289. Simar, L., Wilson, P. W. (2000a). Statistical inference in nonparametric frontier models: the state of the art. *Journal of Productivity Analysis*, 13, 49–78.
290. Simar, L., Wilson, P. W. (2000b). A general methodology for bootstrapping in non-parametric frontier models. *Journal of Applied Statistics*, 27(6), 779–802.
291. Simar, L., Wilson, P. W. (2002). Non-parametric tests of returns to scale. *European Journal of Operational Research*, 139, 115–132.
292. Simar, L., Wilson, P. W. (2007). Estimation and inference in two-stage, semi-parametric models of production processes. *Journal of Econometrics*, 136(1), 31–64.
293. Simar, L., Wilson, P. W. (2008). Statistical inference in nonparametric frontier models: Recent developments and perspectives. In: H. O. Fried, C. A. K. Lovell, S. S. Schmidt, eds., *The Measurement of Productive Efficiency*, 2nd ed. Oxford: Oxford University Press.
294. Simar, L., Zelenyuk, V. (2006). On testing equality of distributions of technical efficiency scores. *Econometric Review*, 25, 497–522.

295. Simon, J., Simon, C., Arias, A. (2011). Changes in productivity of Spanish university libraries. *Omega*, 39(5), 578–588.
296. Soleimani-Damaneh, M., Jahanshahloo, G. R., Mehrabian, S., Hasannasab, M. (2009). Scale elasticity and returns to scale in the presence of alternative solutions. *Journal of Computational and Applied Mathematics*, 233(2), 127–136.
297. Solow, R. M. (1957). Technical Change and the Aggregate Production Function. *Review of Econometrics and Statistics*, 39(3), 312–320.
298. Statistics Lithuania. (2010). *Agriculture in Lithuania 2009*. Vilnius.
299. Statistics Lithuania. (2012a). *Results of the Agricultural Census of the Republic of Lithuania 2010*. Vilnius.
300. Statistics Lithuania. (2012b). *Statistical Yearbook of Lithuania*. <http://www.stat.gov.lt/lt/catalog>
301. Statistics Lithuania. (2014). *Official Statistics Portal*. Available from internet: < <http://osp.stat.gov.lt/en/>>.
302. Sufian, F. (2011). Financial Repression, Liberalization and Bank Total Factor Productivity: Empirical Evidence from the Thailand Banking Sector. *Journal of Economic Computation and Economic Cybernetics Studies and Research*, 45(4), 31–52.
303. Suh, Y., Seol, H., Bae, H., Park, Y. (2014). Eco-efficiency Based on efficiency Based on Social Performance and its Relationship with Financial Performance. *Journal of Industrial Ecology*. DOI: 10.1111/jiec.12167
304. Tapio, P. (2005). Towards a theory of decoupling: degrees of decoupling in the EU and the case of road traffic in Finland between 1970 and 2001. *Transport Policy*, 12, 137–151.
305. Thanassoulis, E., Portela, M.C.S., Despic, O. (2008). Data Envelopment Analysis: The Mathematical Programming Approach to Efficiency Analysis. In: Fried, H.O., Lovell, C.A.K., Schmidt, S.S. (Eds.) *The*

- Measurement of Productive Efficiency and Productivity. Oxford University Press, New York.
306. Thiele H., Brodersen C. M. (1999). Differences in farm efficiency in market and transition economies: empirical evidence from West and East Germany. *European Review of Agricultural Economics*, 26(3), 331–347.
307. Thomson Reuters. (2014). Web of Knowledge Database. <http://webofknowledge.com>
308. Timmer, M. P. (ed.) (2012). The World Input-Output Database (WIOD): Contents, Sources and Methods. WIOD Working Paper Number 10. – <http://www.wiod.org/publications/papers/wiod10.pdf>
309. Tohidi, G.; Razavyan, S.; Tohidnia, S. (2012). A Global Cost Malmquist Productivity Index Using Data Envelopment Analysis, *Journal of the Operational Research Society*, 63, 72–78.
310. Tone, K. (1996). A Simple Characterization of Returns to Scale in DEA. *Journal of Operations research Society of Japan*, 39(4), 604–613.
311. Tone, K. (2001). A slack-based measure of efficiency in data envelopment analysis. *European Journal of Operational Research*, 130(3), 498–509.
312. Tone, K. (2002). A slack-based measure of super-efficiency in data envelopment analysis. *European Journal of Operational Research*, 143(1), 32–41.
313. Townsend, R. F., Kirsten, J., Vink, N. (1998). Farm size, productivity and returns to scale in agriculture revisited: a case study of wine producers in South Africa. *Agricultural Economics*, 19, 175–180.
314. Triantis, K., Girod, O. (1998). A mathematical programming approach for measuring technical efficiency in a fuzzy environment. *Journal of Productivity Analysis*, 10, 85–102.

315. Triantis, K., Sarangi, S., Kuchta, D. (2003). Fuzzy pairwise dominance and fuzzy indices: An evaluation of productive performance. *European Journal of Operational Research*, 144, 412–428.
316. Triantis, K., Vanden Eeckaut, P. (2000). Fuzzy pair-wise dominance and implications for technical efficiency performance assessment. *Journal of Productivity Analysis*, 13, 207–230.
317. Tulkens, H. (1993). On FDH analysis: Some methodological issues and applications to retail banking, courts and urban transit. *Journal of Productivity Analysis*, 4, 183–210.
318. Tulkens, H., Vanden Eeckaut, P. (1995). Non-parametric efficiency, progress and regress measures for panel data: Methodological aspects. *European Journal of Operational Research*, 80, 474–499.
319. Tzouvelekas, V., Pantzios, C.J., Fotopoulos, C. (2001). Technical efficiency of alternative farming systems: the case of Greek organic and conventional olive-growing farms. *Food Policy*, 26, 549–569.
320. Ulucan A., Atici K. B. (2010). Efficiency evaluations with context-dependent and measure-specific data envelopment approaches: An application in a World Bank supported project. *Omega*, 38(1), 68–83.
321. van Zyl, J., Miller, W., Parker, A. (1996). Agrarian structure in Poland: the myth of large farm superiority. Policy Research Working Paper No 1596. The World Bank, Washington, DC.
322. Vasiliev N., Astover A., Motte M., Noormets M., Reintam E., Roostalu H. (2008). Efficiency of Estonian grain farms in 2000–2004. *Agricultural and Food Science*, 17, 31–40.
323. Voigt, S., De Cian, E., Schymura, M., Verdolini, E. (2014). Energy intensity developments in 40 major economies: Structural change or technology improvement? *Energy Economics*, 41, 47–62.
324. Votápková, J., Žák, M. (2013). Institutional efficiency of selected EU & OECD countries using DEA-like approach. *Prague Economic Papers*, (2), 206–223.

325. Wang, K., Wei, Y. M., Zhang, X. (2013). Energy and emissions efficiency patterns of Chinese regions: A multi-directional efficiency analysis. *Applied Energy*, 104, 105–116.
326. Wang, Y. M., Greatbanks, R., Yang, J. B. (2005). Interval efficiency assessment using data envelopment analysis. *Fuzzy Sets and Systems*, 153, 347–370.
327. Wang, Y. M., Luo, Y., Liang, L. (2009). Ranking decision making units by imposing a minimum weight restriction in the data envelopment analysis. *Journal of Computational and Applied Mathematics*, 223, 469–484.
328. Weber, W. L., Domazlicky, B. R. (1999). Total factor productivity growth in manufacturing: A regional approach using linear programming. *Regional Science and Urban Economics*, 29(1), 105–122.
329. Wei, C. K., Chen, L. C., Li, R. K., Tsai, C. H., Huang, H. L. (2012). A study of optimal weights of Data Envelopment Analysis—Development of a context-dependent DEA-R model. *Expert Systems with Applications*, 39(4), 4599–4608.
330. Wheelock, D. C., & Wilson, P. W. (1999). Technical progress, inefficiency, and productivity change in US banking, 1984-1993. *Journal of Money, Credit, and Banking*, 31, 212–234.
331. Wheelock, D. C., Wilson, P. W. (2003). Robust nonparametric estimation of efficiency and technical change in U.S. commercial banking. Working Paper 2003-037A. – Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis.
332. Wheelock, D. C., Wilson, P. W. (2008). Non-parametric, unconditional quantile estimation for efficiency analysis with an application to Federal Reserve check processing operations. *Journal of Econometrics*, 145(1), 209–225.
333. Wild, C. J., Seber, G. A. F. (2000). *A First Course in Data Analysis and Inference*. New York: Wiley.

334. Wilson, P. (2008). FEAR: A software package for frontier efficiency analysis with R. *Socio-Economic Planning Sciences*, 42(4), 247–254.
335. Wollni, M., Brümmer, B. (2012) Productive efficiency of specialty and conventional coffee farmers in Costa Rica: Accounting for technological heterogeneity and self-selection. *Food Policy*, 37(1), 67–76.
336. Yatchew, A. (1998). Nonparametric regression techniques in economics. *Journal of Economic Literature*, 36(2), 669-721.
337. Zadeh, L. A. (1965). Fuzzy sets. *Information and Control*, 8, 338–353.
338. Zaim, O. (2004). Measuring environmental performance of state manufacturing through changes in pollution intensities: a DEA framework. *Ecological Economics*, 48(1), 37-47.
339. Zavadskas, E. K., Kirvaitis, R., Dagienė, E. (2011). Scientific Publications Released in the Baltic States. *Scientometrics*, 88, 179–190.
340. Zavadskas, E. K., Turskis, Z. (2011). Multiple criteria decision making (MCDM) methods in economics: an overview. *Technological and Economic Development of Economy*, 17(2), 397–427.
341. Zelenyuk, V. (2012). A Scale Elasticity Measure for Directional Distance Function and its Dual: Theory and DEA Estimation. Working Paper Series No. WP07/2012. Centre for Efficiency and Productivity Analysis, School of Economics, University of Queensland.
342. Zerafat Angiz, L. M., Mustafa, A., Emrouznejad, A. (2010). Ranking efficient decision-making units in data envelopment analysis using fuzzy concept. *Computers & Industrial Engineering*, 59, 712–719.
343. Zhou, P., Ang, B. W., Han, J. Y. (2010). Total factor carbon emission performance: A Malmquist index analysis. *Energy Economics*, 32(1), 194-201.
344. Zhou, P., Ang, B. W., Poh, K. L. (2008). Measuring environmental performance under different environmental DEA technologies. *Energy Economics*, 30(1), 1–14.

345. Zhu, J. (2003). Context-dependent Data Envelopment Analysis. In: Quantitative Models for Performance Evaluation and Benchmarking. Springer.
346. Zschille, M. (2014). Nonparametric measures of returns to scale: an application to German water supply. *Empirical Economics*, 47, 1029-1053.